Technical Data Sheet

Silicon Planar PIN Photodiode: SGPD30C

■ Features

- . Fast response time
- . High photo sensitivity
- . Small junction capacitance
- . Wide temperature range
- . Small package
- . Pb free
- . The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant version.



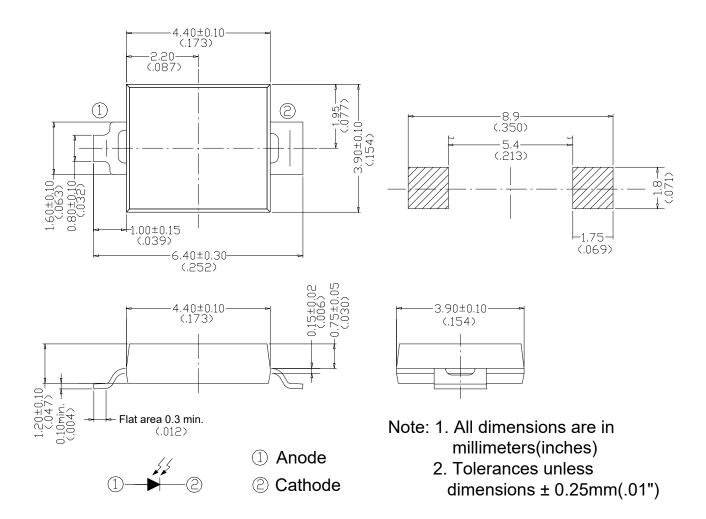
Descriptions

The SGPD30C is high sensitivity, fast switching times, low capacitance, compact size, and lack of measurable degradation make it suitable for diverse applications, such as TV and appliance remote control, IR sound transmission, video recorders, and measurement and control.

■ Applications

- . High speed photo detector
- . VCRs, Video camera, Copier
- . Elevator

■ Package Dimensions



■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

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Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Units				
Reverse Voltage	VR	30	V				
Power Dissipation	Pd	150	mW				
Lead Soldering Temperature	Tsol	260	°C				
Operating Temperature	Topr	-25 ∼ +85	°C				
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40 ~ +85	°C				

■ Electro-Optical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Range of Spectral Bandwidth	λ 0.5		400		1100	nm
Wavelength of Peak	λp			940		n m
Sensitivity				940		nm
Open-Circuit Voltage	Voc	Ee=5m W/cm2		0.35		V
		λ p=940nm				
Short- Circuit Current	Isc	Ee=5m W/cm ²		95		μА
		λ p=940nm				
Reverse Light Current	IL	Ee=5m W/cm ₂				
		λ p=940nm	80	95		μΑ
		$V_R=5V$				
Dark Current	Id	Ee=0m W/cm2			10	nA
		$V_R=10V$				
Reverse Breakdown Voltage	BVR	Ee=0m W/cm2	30	170		V
		I _R =100 μ A				
Total Capacitance	Ct	Ee=0m W/cm2				
		$V_R=3V$		25		рF
		f=1MHZ				
Rise/Fall Time	tr/tf	V _R =10V		E0 /E0		72 C
		$R_L=1K\Omega$		50/50		nS

■ Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves

Fig.1 Power Dissipation vs.

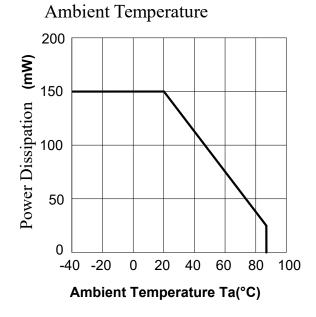


Fig.2 Spectral Sensitivity

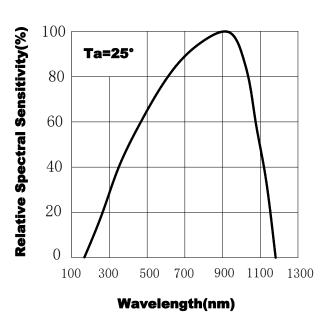


Fig.3 Dark Current vs.

Ambient Temperature

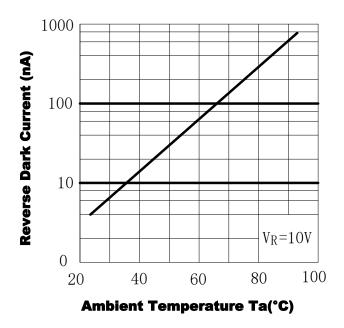


Fig.4 Reverse Light Current vs.

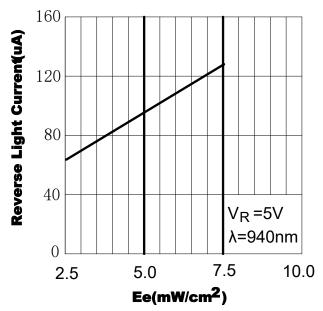


Fig.5 Terminal Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

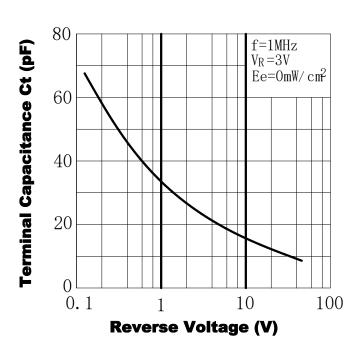
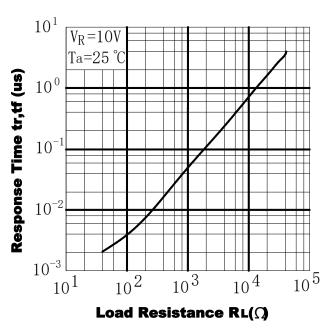
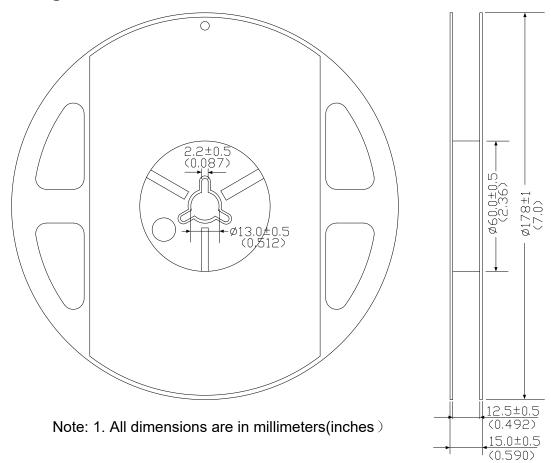


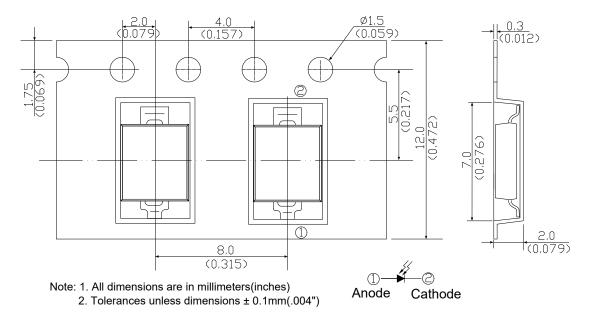
Fig.6 Response Time vs. Load Resistance



■ Packing Dimensions



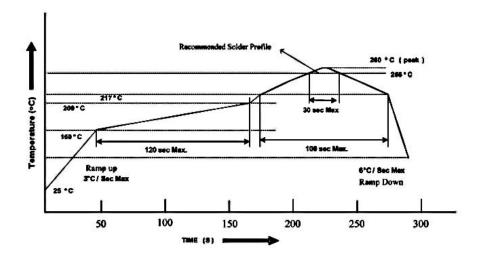
■ Carrier Tape Dimensions (Quantity: 1000 pcs/reel)



■ Notes

1. Above specification may be changed without notice. SHUGUAN will reserve authority on material change for above specification.

- 2. Before using this product, be sure to test it. The use and storage conditions must not exceed the limit parameters specified in this manual. The company will not be responsible for any damage to the product caused by the use of the product beyond the limit parameters.
- 3. Stored at a temperature not higher than 30° C and humidity not higher than 60%RH, the product shelf life is 6 months. Keeping the product in an airtight container with a desiccant can extend the shelf life of the product to some extent. Poor storage conditions can cause corrosion of product leads or changes in product performance.
- 4. After opening, the product must be used within 168 hours (recommended working environment temperature not higher than 30 °C, humidity not higher than 60%). If it is not used up, the remaining material must be stored in an environment where the temperature is not higher than 30° C and the humidity is not higher than 10%.
- 5. For products that have not been soldered, if the hygroscopic agent or packaging fails, or the product does not meet the above valid storage conditions, baking can play a certain performance recovery effect. Baking conditions: $60 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C, duration 96H.
- 6. Static electricity and surges will cause changes in product characteristics, such as forward voltage reduction, etc. If the situation is serious, it will even damage the product, so effective anti-static measures must be taken during use. All related equipment and machines should be properly grounded, and other measures against static electricity and surges must be taken. The use of anti-static wristbands, anti-static mats, anti-static work clothes, work shoes, gloves, and anti-static containers are all effective measures to prevent static electricity and surges.
- 7. When designing the circuit, the current passing through the product cannot exceed the specified maximum value, and a current limiting resistor must be used at the same time, otherwise a small voltage change will cause a large current change, which may lead to product damage.
- 8. Welding should pay special attention to:
 - (1) Manual soldering: the tip temperature of the soldering iron (up to 25W) should not exceed 350° C; the soldering iron must be grounded, and the static electricity should not exceed the range; the soldering time should not exceed 3 seconds.
 - (2) Reflow soldering
 - . Pb-free solder temperature profile



- . Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- . When soldering, do not put stress on the phototransistor during heating
- . After solderin do not wra the circuit board.